

The requirement for schools to prepare pupils for modern life with a focus on British values is relatively new, but Church schools have long been familiar with the need to articulate their fundamental Christian values. Both sets of values overlap and one can clearly argue that the government's stated British values have emerged from Britain's long history as a Christian nation.

The key Christian beliefs that underpin both Christian Values and British values are that:

- God is a God of order and His world should reflect a sense of purpose, not chaos
- Every person is made in the image of God, known, loved and valued as a unique creation.
- Humans are designed to be interdependent, supporting others and being supported, like a body with many parts.
- The Bible provides laws to govern human affairs but these also reveal human weakness and the need for forgiveness
- The greatest command is to LOVE – God, oneself, one's neighbour, and even one's enemy – and, for a Christian, to love as Christ loved us.

At Saint John's Church of England Primary School, British Values are taught alongside Christian Values and are closely linked. Christian Values are taught and celebrated through daily collective worship, and followed up in class discussions. British Values are taught in the context of the strong Christian ethos at Saint John's. These values are key to the Christian vision and ethos at Saint John's and are upheld by all staff, governors, pupils and visitors to the school, as well as underpinned by Behaviour, Anti-Bullying and Equality Policies. Staff and Governors follow a Code of Conduct which reflects these values and regular visitors and volunteers to the school also are made aware of the importance of upholding these values. Opportunities are given through the curriculum for pupils to explore core British Values and robust policies and procedures are in place when these values are not upheld, underpinned by clear Christian principles of reconciliation and forgiveness.

The Bible and British Values

At Saint John's, the following Bible passages and stories could be linked to the British value headings. These could be used in the classroom, in worship or at home.

<p>Democracy <i>"See I set before you today life and prosperity, death and destruction now choose life that you and your children may live."</i> Deuteronomy 30 v.15-19 Calling the disciples Matthew 4 v.18-21 The quarrel about who should sit by Jesus in heaven Matthew 20 v.20-23 Choosing a new disciple Acts 1</p>	<p>Rule of Law <i>"Let everyone be subject to the governing authorities, for there is no authority except that which God has established."</i> Romans 13 v.1 Jesus teaches about the law Matthew 5 v.17-20 Paying taxes to Caesar Luke 20 v.21-25 The wisdom of Solomon 1 Kings 3 v.16-28 Moses and the Ten Commandments Exodus 20 v.1-20</p>
<p>Individual liberty <i>"Christ has set us free."</i> Galatians 5 vs 1 Adam and Eve – free to do wrong - Genesis 2 v. 3 Ten Lepers freed from the constraints of their illness Luke 17 v.11-19 The rich young man imprisoned by his own riches - Matthew 19 v.16-22 The two builders and choosing your lifestyle - Matthew 7 v.24-27 Zacchaeus - Luke 19 v.1-10</p>	<p>Mutual respect <i>"Be devoted to one another, love one another above yourselves."</i> Romans 12 v.10 Good Samaritan freely helps his enemy - Luke 10 v.29-37 The soldier's unexpected faith in a "subject" teacher - Luke 7 v/1-10 Mary and Martha, the importance of listening to others - Luke 10 v.38-41 Jesus washed the disciples' feet like the lowliest servant - John 13 v.1-20 Story of Ruth, respect for relatives and for the poor - Ruth 1-4</p>
<p>Tolerance of different cultures and religions <i>"Do not judge others and you will not be judged."</i> Matthew 7 v.1 Naaman learns respect for other nations - 2 Kings 5 Good Samaritan - Luke 10 v.29-37 Jesus and the children his disciples tried to push away - Matthew 19 v.13-15 The woman at the well, despised by her village, yet Jesus had a theological debate with her - John 4 v.1-26</p>	

At Saint John's, British Values should cause us to ask:	Teaching about British Values relates to our growing understanding of Christian Values such as:	Remembering what Christians believe, and putting it into practice, helps us understand British values better...	Here are some examples of things in school which help develop understanding
<p>Democracy: <i>How do we give everyone an equal right to be heard and a shared responsibility to play a positive part in our school community?</i></p>	<p>Justice Responsibility Trust Service Respect Courage Truthfulness</p>	<p>Humans are designed to be inter-dependent and everyone has a role to play. For Christians, our role is to be part of a body, working together and governed by Christ, the head of the 'body'.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • having a school council with pupils of all ages, elected by the children • debating in Key Stage 2, respecting differing points of view • PSHE and class discussion • highlighting the development of democratic ideas in history lessons • ensuring all pupils are listened to by adults, reflected in school policies • inviting MPs and other speakers to the school • holding mock elections at election time • encouraging service to the school e.g. roles for children in Y5&6
<p>The Rule of Law <i>How do we help all members of the school community understand the idea that the right rules permit well-being, safety and harmony?</i></p>	<p>Justice Responsibility Trust Forgiveness Respect Wisdom Peace</p>	<p>Christians respect the Ten Commandments, and other laws in the Bible, which model right ways to live. They know rules are hard to keep and that they reveal a human propensity to sin or shortcomings. They speak of God's mercy and forgiveness but know they should not use this as an excuse to break laws.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • creating class rules, linked to 10 Commandments • having a clear and consistent behaviour policy understood by all • understanding rules in various aspects of school life e.g. in the playground / playing sports • highlighting God's rules in RE e.g. 10 commandments, Jesus' two great commands (love of God and neighbour), in relation to everyday events • linking moral values to aspects of civic and political life happening in the news
<p>Individual Liberty <i>How do we enable every individual in our school community to act on the belief that they have dignity and freedom as a unique and valued individual?</i></p>	<p>Responsibility Service Respect Wisdom Hope Creativity Courage</p>	<p>The Bible portrays humans as individuals free to make their own choices about life and behaviour; this includes the ability to choose to do wrong. Humans are not robots but made in the 'image of God', able to make decisions, to choose to love and do right; this freedom brings risks and responsibilities.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • encouraging students to be independent and creative in their learning • providing students with opportunities for personal reflection, through class discussion and personal response to Collective Worship • studying relationships in context of school's RSE Policy • discussing moral issues in PSHE, History and RE • giving encouragement and support to express personal aspirations and goals, including transition work to next class or school • creating opportunities for pupils to realise they are significant, unique and precious individuals; celebrated through school and out of school achievements, and Praise & Celebrations Worship each Friday

<p>Mutual Respect <i>How do we reward the ability to see the good in others and the use of positive words, attitudes and actions which build up all in our school community?</i></p>	<p>Respect Friendship Humility Forgiveness Perseverance Thankfulness Generosity</p>	<p>Jesus said the two great commands were to love God and love your neighbour as you love yourself. It is important to understand our own value as those created and loved by God; and then to realise that others are also created in God's image and valued by him. We should strive to see not just the best in others but to see 'God' in others. We should love one another as Christ has loved us. St Paul encourages Christians in his letters to use our words and actions to build others up, not pull them down or apart.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • having a clear mission statement that is inclusive • promoting respect for others in all personal interactions • reinforcing the value of everyone's opinions in class debates • having an effective anti-bullying policy • emphasising in RE and PSHE the belief that every person is unique • having active educational links with other schools • supporting charities but not in such a way as to encourage feelings of superiority / inferiority between donor and recipients • participating in a range of social activities and educational visits in the community • valuing different ways of communicating – really listening • valuing the home and cultural backgrounds of learners • understanding the concepts of privacy and “personal space” • being a place of hospitality
<p>Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs <i>How do we actively celebrate diversity in our school community, modelling tolerance, and the ability to listen with respect and to disagree without rancour?</i></p>	<p>Respect Friendship Compassion Humility Peace Trust Forgiveness</p>	<p>The Bible teaches that we are all unique creations loved by God. It follows that because we are unique, we are not all alike and have to learn to live with difference. Everyone has a right to dignity and respect as a human being but that does not mean that all ideas are equally right or good. Christians should speak up for what is right and not tolerate injustice. Where people differ in culture, there is room for joy in diversity. Where there is difference in belief and faith, there is always room for love and respect even if agreement is not possible.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • highlighting on the school website how RE provides learning about the beliefs and traditions of religious communities as a basis for understanding and respecting them • making RE a valued and popular subject, promoting it with staff, pupils and parents, and resourcing it well • showing how Jesus encouraged love for those others rejected in his life and teachings (e.g. Parable of the Good Samaritan) • ensuring debate about the meaning of 'tolerance' and 'tolerate' • offering practice for pupils in learning how to disagree well • showing respect on visits to places of worship and in Collective Worship • meeting and interacting well with a wide variety of people from different contexts and sharing experiences with them e.g. picnics, sports events, art days