

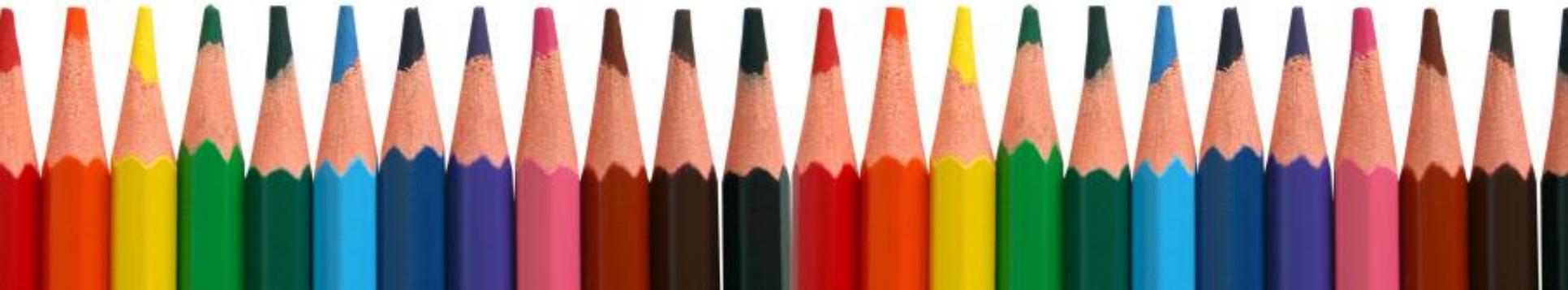


SAINT JOHN'S

Saint John's CE Primary School

Reception

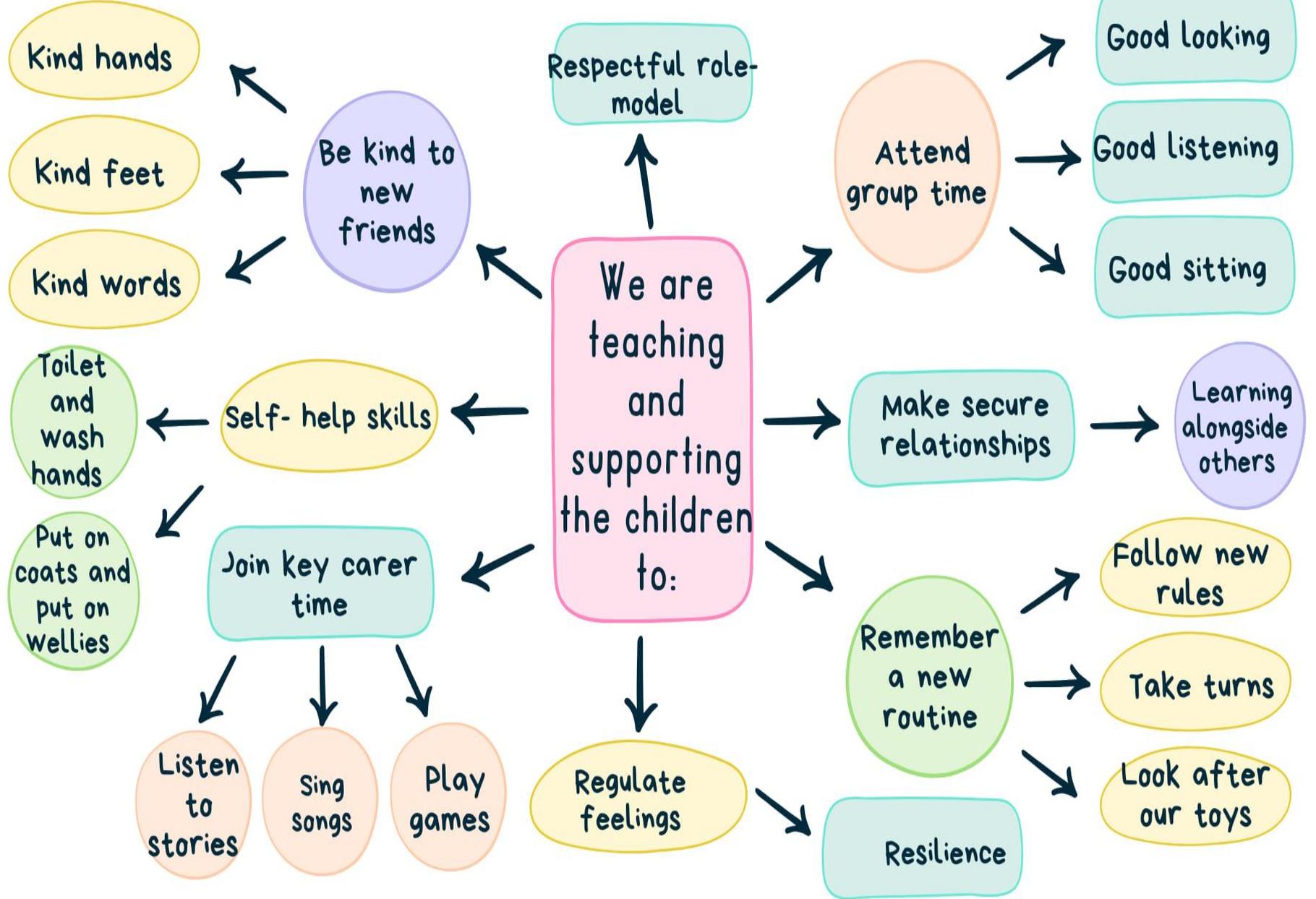
Curriculum Meeting



# Aims of meeting

- To get to know the staff involved with your children
- To learn about general class routines and hopefully answer any questions you have.
- To learn about the Reception class curriculum.
- To find out ways in which you can help your child at home





# Our Day

Today is:

# Tuesday

Today's weather is:



## Morning Activities



## Afternoon Activities:



# What is the Early Years Foundation Stage?

- The Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) is the stage of education for children from birth to the end of the Reception year.
- It is based on the recognition that children learn best through play and active learning.



Your child will be learning skills, acquiring new knowledge and demonstrating their understanding through **7 areas of learning and development**

Children should mostly develop the **3 prime areas** first. These are:

1. Communication and language
2. Physical development
3. Personal, social and emotional development.

As children grow, the prime areas will help them to develop skills in **4 specific areas**. These are:

1. Literacy;
2. Mathematics;
3. Understanding the world; and
4. Expressive arts and design.



# Communication and Language



## Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.
- Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.
  - Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

## Speaking

- Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.
- Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
- Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.



# Informal and formal opportunities





**Read with your child – Research shows that the more you read together the better your child's levels in learning.**

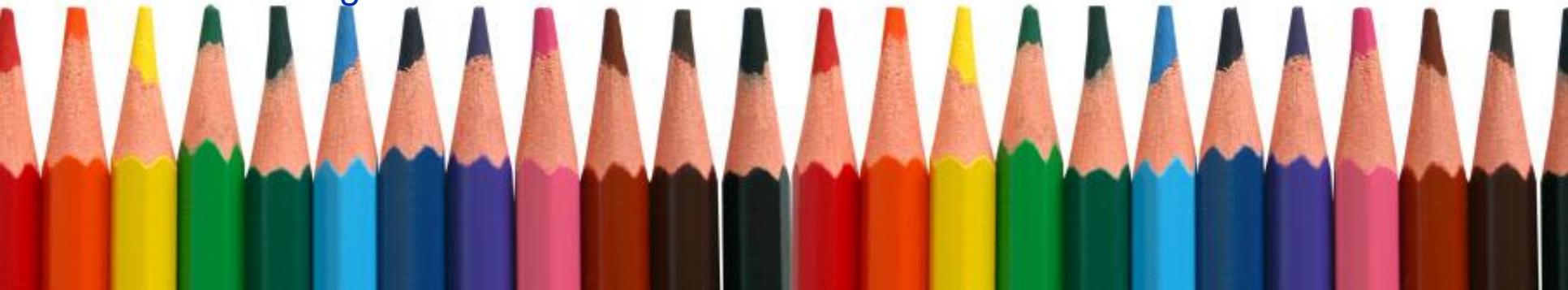


# How many words children will have heard by the time they are five years old

- Never read to: **4662 words**
- 1 - 2 times a week: **63,570 words**
- 3 - 5 times a week: **169,520 words**
- Daily: **296,660 words**
- 5 books a day: **1,483,330 words**



Science Daily (2019), quoted in the Reading Framework





# Physical Development

## Gross Motor Skills

Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.

- Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.
- Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

## Fine Motor Skills



- Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases.
- Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery.
- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.



# Gross motor skills



# Gross motor skills





# Fine motor skills



# Personal, Social and Emotional Development

## **Self-Regulation**

- Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.
- Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.
- Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

## **Managing Self**

- Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.
- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.
- Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

## **Building Relationships**

- Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.
- Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers.
- Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.



# What Zone Are You In?

Green



Yellow



Blue



Red



# Green

HAPPY



CALM

PREPARED

FOCUSED



# Yellow



SILLY

FRUSTRATED

WORRIED

SCARED

# BLUE

SICK



SAD

TIRED

BORED



# RED

MEAN

MAD

DISGUSTED

YELLING







# Literacy



## Comprehension

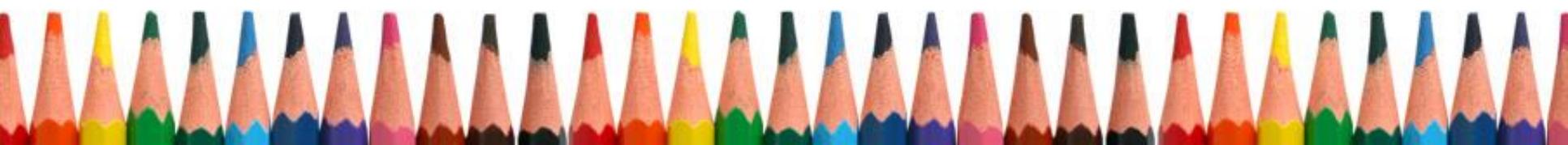
- Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.
- Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.
- Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.

## Word Reading

- Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.
- Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.
- Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

## Writing

- Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.
- Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.
- Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.



# Why teach phonics?

- The ability to read and write well is a vital skill for all children, paving the way for an enjoyable and successful school experience.
- Phonics helps children to develop good reading and spelling skills e.g. **cat** can be sounded out for reading and spelling
- We use a synthetic scheme called **'Floppy Phonics'** as our teaching resource.
- Synthetic phonics is simply the ability to change a letter or letter group into sounds that are then blended together into a word.



**Phoneme:** The smallest unit of sound in a word.



**Grapheme:** The letter or letters that represent the phoneme.

a

**Digraph:** two letters that make the same sound.

or

igh

**trigraph:** three letters that make the same sound.



# How to say the sounds

- Saying the sounds correctly with your child is extremely important
- We say the shortest form of the sounds – no uh
- Eg sssssssssss rather than suh.



# Blending

## Blending to read

- ❖ Putting the sounds together to read words

*I can blend sounds into words.*

a m  
● ●

m a n  
● ● ●

P a m  
● ● ●

T i m  
● ● ●

S a m  
● ● ●

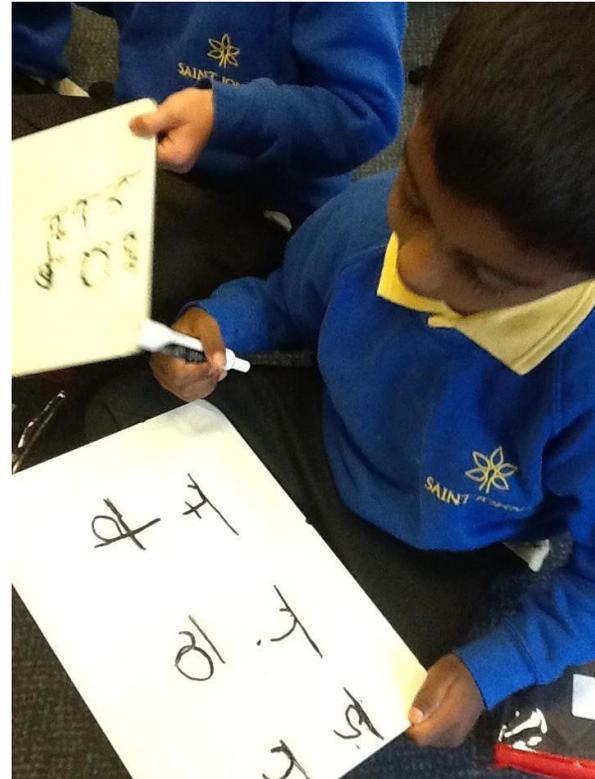
m a p  
● ● ●



# Segmenting

## Segmenting to spell

- ❖ Splitting the word up into individual sounds



# Common exception words

❖ Words that cannot be sounded out.

the

I

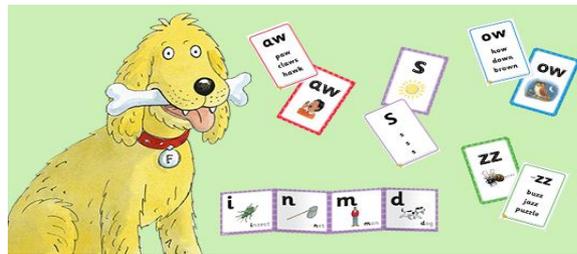
no

go



# Lesson format

- In each year group, phonic lessons follow the same format:
- **Revise:** The children will revise previous learning.
- **Teach:** New phonemes
- **Practice:** The children will practise the new learning by reading and/or writing the words.
- **Apply:** The children will apply their new learning by reading or writing sentences.



Say the sound. Trace the letter. Say the word. Listen for the /o/ sound.

o m d g s a o n o  
 pot dog got dot on  
 nod dots spot pond

Point and say the sounds. Sound out and blend to read the words.

Say the sound. Trace the letters. Write the letters.

Say the words. When can you hear the /o/ sound? Draw something beginning with o.

 s a t p i n m d g o

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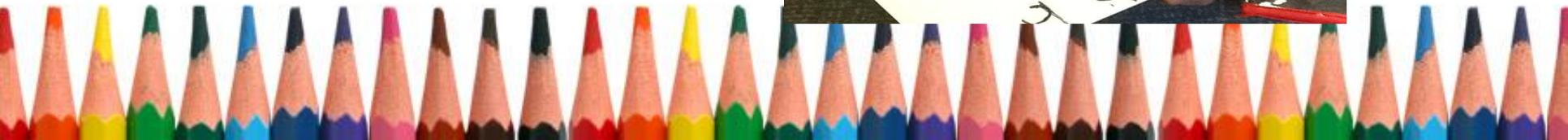
Plan to Achieve 10

Name Mithren Date \_\_\_\_\_

Say the sound. Trace the letter. Say the word. Listen for the /o/ sound.

  ✓  
   ✓



lovely

2/5/23

/ng/ -ng /ngk/ -nk

I think I have a posh pink ring that fits me.

The king flings his drink and bangs on the gong!

I think I have a posh pink ring that fits me.





# World Nursery Rhyme Week



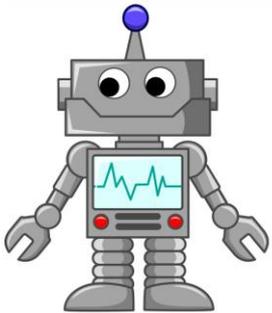
**WORLD**<sup>®</sup>  
Nursery Rhyme Week



# How can I help at home?

- Sing an alphabet song together and plenty of nursery rhymes
- Play 'I spy'
- Play blending games for reading eg resources that are handed out
- Read and share lots of stories together

Choppy the Robot



# Reading Books

- Children will start off with a sharing book. Once they are able to blend and segment, they will be given a reading book. Along with their sound book, it must be brought to school every day.
- Please do not put water bottles in with your child's sharing/reading book.
- You have a home/school diary to record comments in, when you share/read a book with your child.





# Writing at home

- ❖ Praise your child for 'play writing'.
- ❖ Write with your child- 'think out loud'
- ❖ Spellings- phonetically spelt.
- ❖ Encourage correct formation of letters and lowercase
- ❖ Give your child a **purpose** for writing:

Send an email to family



Write a birthday card

Writing labels



Treasure maps

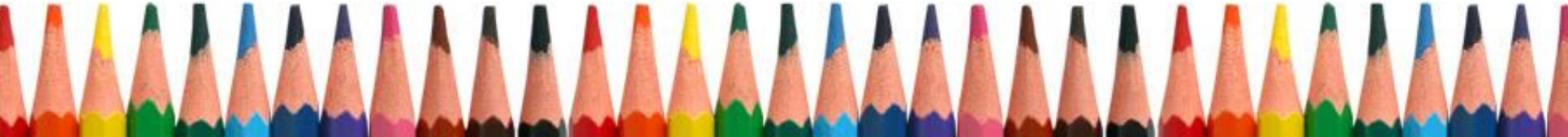
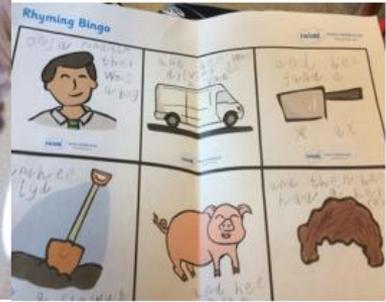


Write a shopping list

# Make writing fun!







# Mathematics



## Number •

Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. • Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. • Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

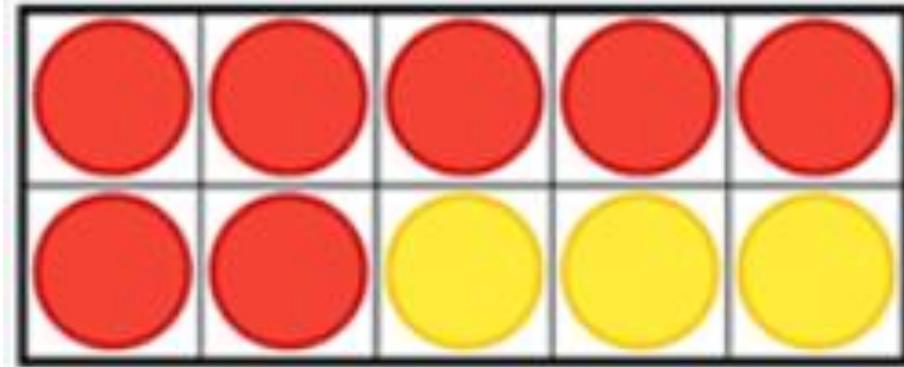
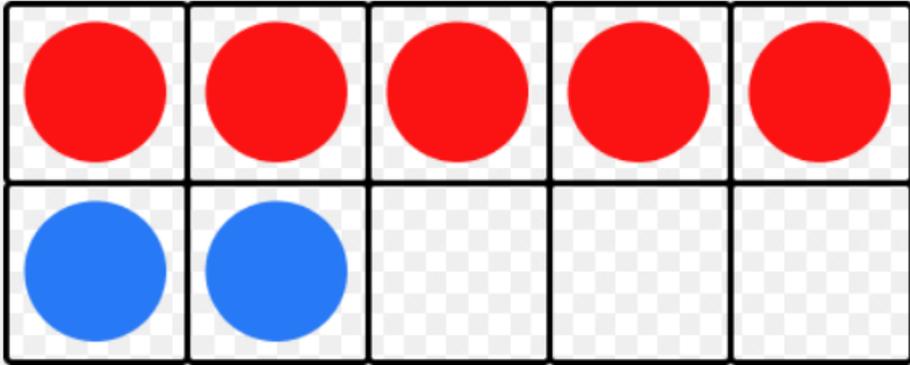
## Numerical Patterns •

Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. • Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. • Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.



# Subitising









# Understanding the World

- **Past and Present** • Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. • Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. • Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.
- **People, Culture and Communities** • Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. • Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. • Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps.
- **The Natural World** • Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. • Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. • Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter







# Expressive Arts and Design



Creating with Materials • Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. • Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. • Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

Being Imaginative and Expressive • Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. • Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. • Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.



# Uniform

- Please ensure that your child's name is in all items of clothing, including shoes! This includes messy play clothes.
- P.E kit worn to school on a Monday, please.
- Your child will be taking part in lots of interesting and sometimes messy experiences, so may come home dirty! It is all part of the fun!



# Medical Matters

- Any sickness, diarrhoea, must be followed by 48 hrs absence.
- Any absence requires a note or telephone call explaining why.
- Head lice are common! Please check regularly and treat as recommended.
- No medicines can be administered by staff unless a medical form has been filled out. Children with asthma will be helped to take their inhaler.



# Snack Time and Lunch Time!



# Class Dojo

The children love showing their photos!



# General notices

- PE lessons on Mon
- Messy Morning/Forest School on Thursday
- Book change on Fridays
- PPA Fridays (Mrs Kimber)

